Course Name : Computer Engineering Group

Course Code : CO/CD/CM/CW/IF

Semester : Fourth

Subject Title : Computer Hardware & Maintenance

Subject Code : 17428

Teaching and Examination Scheme:

Teaching Scheme					Examinati	on Scheme		
TH	TU	PR	PAPER HRS	TH	PR	OR	TW	TOTAL
03		02	03	100	25#		25@	150

NOTE:

> Two tests each of 25 marks to be conducted as per the schedule given by MSBTE.

> Total of tests marks for all theory subjects are to be converted out of 50 and to be entered in mark sheet under the head Sessional Work (SW).

Rationale:

The aim of the subject is to teach the basic working of the computer motherboard, peripherals and add-on cards. The subject helps the students to do the maintenance of the Computer, peripherals and its add-on cards. The students will be able to select the proper peripheral as per their specification and requirement. This is the core technology subject. The pre-requisite of the subject is Microprocessor. The subject is practical oriented and will develop the debugging skills in the students.

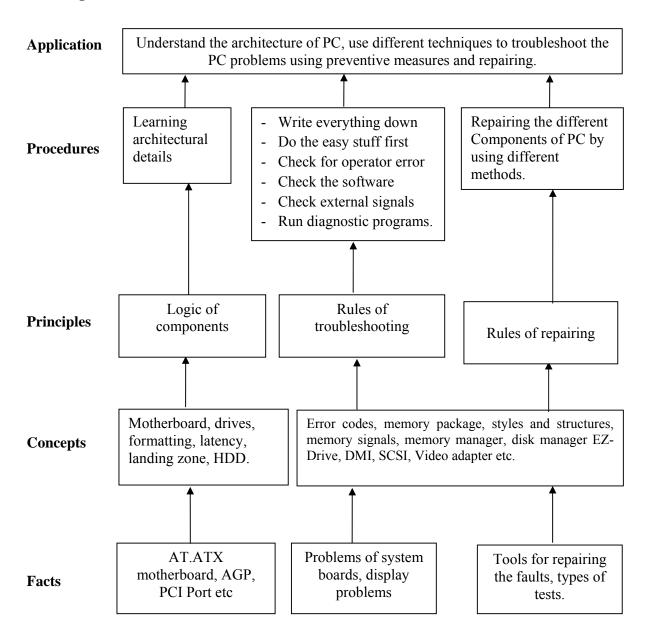
Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- 1. Debug and repair the faults in system.
- 2. Assemble the system.
- 3. Load the operating system and device drivers in the system.

'G' Scheme

Learning Structure:



Theory:

Sr. No	Theory	Hrs.	Marks
1	Motherboard & Its Component Specific Objectives ➤ To Understand the various components of Motherboard. ➤ To Know about the different memories in PC & their usage. ➤ To Understand the selection of different components of PC. 1.1 CPU – Concept like address lines, data lines, internal registers. 1.2 Modes of operation of CPU – Real mode, IA-32 mode, IA-32 Virtual Real Mode. 1.3 Process Technologies, Dual Independent Bus Architecture, Hyper Threading Technologies & its requirement. 1.4 Processor socket & slots. 1.5 Chipset basic, chipset Architecture, North / South bridge & Hub Architecture. 1.6 Latest chipset for PC 1.7 Overview & features of PCI, PCI –X, PCI express, AGP bus. 1.8 Logical memory organization conventional memory, extended memory, expanded memory. 1.9 Overview & features of SDRAM, DDR, DDR2, DDR3. 1.10 Concept of Cache memory: 1.11 L1 Cache, L2 Cache, L3 Cache, Cache Hit & Cache Miss. 1.13 BIOS – Basics & CMOS Set Up. 1.14 Motherboard Selection Criteria.	12	20
2	 Storage Devices & Interfacing. Objective ➤ To understand the Recording techniques in storage devices. ➤ To understand the working of storage devices. 2.1 Recording Techniques: FM, MFM, RLL, perpendicular recording 2.2 Hard Disk construction and working. 2.3 Terms related to Hard Disk. Track, sector, cylinder, cluster, landing zone, MBR, zone recording, write pre-compensation. 2.4 Formatting: Low level, High level & partitioning. 2.5 FAT Basics: Introduction to file system, FAT 16, FAT 32, NTFS, 2.6 Hard Disk Interface: Features of IDE, SCSI, PATA, SATA, Cables & Jumpers. 2.7 CD ROM Drive: Construction, recording. (Block diagram) 2.8 DVD: Construction, Recording. (Block Diagram) 2.9 Blue-ray Disc specification. 	08	20

	Display Devices & Interfacing		
	<u>Objective</u>		
	To understand the construction and working of display devices		
	like CRT, LCD.		
	To understand the Interfacing of above devices to PC.		
	3.1 CRT: - Block diagram & working of monochrome & colour Monitor		
	3.2 Characteristics of CRT Monitor:-	0.6	10
3	DOT Pitch, Resolution, Horizontal Scanning frequency, Vertical	06	12
	scanning frequency, Interlaced Scanning, Non-Interfaced scanning,		
	Aspect ratio.		
	3.3 LCD Monitor: - Functional Block Diagram of LCD monitor,		
	working principle, Passive matrix, Active matrix LCD display.		
	3.4 Touch Screen Display – The construction and working principle		
	3.4 Plasma Display Technology: - Construction & working principle.		
	3.5 Basic Block Diagram of Video Accelerator card		
	Input and Output Devices		
	<u>Objective</u>		
	To understand the construction and working of Input /Output		
	Devices.		
	To understand the Interfacing of the above peripherals.		
	4.1 Keyboard: Types of key switches: Membrane, Mechanical, Rubber		
4	dome, Capacitive, optoelectronic and interfacing.	06	16
	4.2 Mouse: Opto-mechanical, optical (New design)		
	4.3 Scanner: Flat Bed, Sheet-fed, Handheld: Block diagram of flat Bed		
	and specifications, OCR, TWAIN, Resolution, Interpolation.		
	4.4 Modem: Internal and External: Block diagram and specifications.		
	4.5 Printer: Printer Characteristics, Dot matrix, Inkjet, Laser: block		
	diagram and specifications.		
	Power Supplies		
	<u>Objective</u>		
	To understand the working of SMPS.		
	To understand the power problems.		
	5.1 Block diagram and working of SMPS.		
5	5.2 Signal description and pin-out diagram of AT and ATX connectors 5.3 Power supply characteristics: Rated wattage, Efficiency, Regulation,	04	12
3	Ripple, Load regulation, Line regulation.	04	12
	5.4 Power problems: Blackout, Brownout, surges and spikes.		
	5.5 Symptoms of power problems.		
	5.6 Protection devices: circuit breaker, surge suppressor.		
	5.7 Uninterrupted Power Supply, ONline and OFFline UPS, working of		
	UPS: Block diagram, advantages and disadvantages, Ratings		
	Interfaces		
	<u>Objective</u>		
	To understand the ports of PC.		
6	To understand interfacing techniques of devices to ports		
	6.1 SCSI, SCSI cables and connectors, SCSI drive configuration.		
	6.2 USB features.	06	12
	6.3 RS 232 : (Voltages and 9 pin description)	00	1 4
	6.4 Centronics (interface diagram, important signals and timing		
	waveform)		
	6.5 Firewire features		
	6.6 Blue tooth		

	PC Troubleshooting, Maintenance and Tools.		
	<u>Objective</u>		
	➤ To understand the preventive maintenance of PC		
	➤ To understand the diagnostic tools of PC		
	7.1 POST: POST sequence, Beep codes, visual display codes.		
7	7.2 Preventive maintenance: Active, Passive, periodic maintenance	06	08
	procedure.		
	7.3 Diagnostic Tools: logic Analyzer, logic probe.		
	7.4 Diagnostic software for trouble shooting PC.		
	BGA workstation and its applications for reballing of north bridge		
	and south bridge		
	Total	48	100

PRACTICAL:

Skills to be developed:

Intellectual Skills:

- Understanding basic hardware of computer
- Fault finding of input/output devices.
- Troubleshooting of input/output devices
- Proper connection of input/output devices.

Motor Skills:

• Proper handling of Computer System Hardware.

List of Practical:

- 01. Identify and draw the motherboard layout of Intel i3 processor and understand connection and layout of the H67 or P67chipset.
- 02. Perform Basic Input/output System (BIOS) setting and configuration setup using Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor (CMOS).
- 03. Format, partition and install a Hard Disk Drive (HDD) and format a pen drive.
- 04. Understand layout, characteristics and functions of different components of Hard Disk Drive (HDD) as a storage device.
- 05. Install Video Graphics Array (VGA) or Super Video Graphics Array (SVGA) display cards.
- 06. Install and understand the working of printer.
- 07. Install and understand the working of Input/output devices such as scanner and modem.
- 08. Connect Switched Mode Power Supply (SMPS) and identify different parts of SMPS. Understand the working of SMPS and Uninterrupted Power Supply (UPS).
- 09. Use diagnostic software to identify installed computer peripherals and test their working condition.
- 10. Find faults related to Monitor, CPU, Hard disk, Printer and other peripherals.
- 11. Form a pico net using Bluetooth devices and transfer data.
- 12. Assemble PC and install an operating system.

Learning Resources:

Books:

Sr. No.	Author	Title	Publisher
01	Scott Muller	Upgrading & Repairing PCs	Pearson
02	Mark Minasi	The Complete PC Upgrade & Maintenance guide	Wiley India
03	Barry Press and Maricia Press	PC Upgrade and Repair	Wiley India
04	Begelow	Bigelow's Troubleshooting, Maintaining & Repairing PCs	Tata McGraw Hill
05	Mike Meyers Scott Jernigan	Managing & Troubleshooting PCs	Tata McGraw Hill
06	D.Balasubramanian	Computer Installation & Servicing	Tata McGraw Hill